School Facilities Need Analysis

Prepared pursuant to Government Code Section 65995 et. Seq.

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- Exhibit A Current SAB Forms
- Exhibit B SAB Eligibility Determination
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- Exhibit F Estimate of Actual School Facilities Costs
- Exhibit G 45 Day Notice to Planning Agencies

I. INTRODUCTION

Proposition 1A, the Class Size Reduction Kindergarten-University Public Education Bonds Act of 1998 was approved by the voters of California on November 3, 1998. The approval of Proposition 1A triggered the implementation of certain provisions of Senate Bill 50 ("SB 50") of the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998. Included in the provisions of SB 50, was the authorization for school districts to adopt alternative school facilities fees ("Alternative Fees") to be levied on residential development within the school district's boundaries (Government Code Sections 65995.5, 65995.6 and 65995.7). The intent of SB 50 was the State would provide 50 percent of the funds required for new school projects matched by 50 percent funding from local school district funds. Local funds would be generated by school districts through the imposition of either Statutory School Fees or Alternative School Fees on new development. The funding amounts provided by SB 50 do not include funding for interim facilities or central administration and support facilities.

Statutory School Fees (Level I Fees)

Under SB 50, Statutory School Fees collected pursuant to Education Code Section 17620 and Government Code Section 65995, also referred to as Level I Fees, remain in effect. Currently, the maximum level of fee that may be imposed by unified school districts (Grades K-12), is \$3.48 per square foot of new residential construction and \$0.56 per square foot of new commercial/industrial construction. The San Ysidro School District ("District") receives a portion of this maximum in accordance with its fee sharing agreement with the Sweetwater Union High School District. These fees were last adopted by the State Allocation Board ("SAB") at its February 24, 2016 meeting and may be increased every two years thereafter according to an inflation adjustment. This School Facilities Needs Analysis ("SFNA") does not include an analysis of the Statutory School Fees; however, information regarding Statutory School Fee can be found in the District's Fee Justification Study.

Alternative No. 2 Fee (Level II Fee)

Level II Fees are calculated pursuant to Government Code Section 65995.5(c). The formula for calculating the Alternative No. 2 Fee can be generally described as the number of unhoused students identified in the SFNA, multiplied by the per pupil grant amount, plus 50 percent of the sum of site acquisition and development costs, less surplus property or proceeds thereof if any, less local funds which have been dedicated for facilities construction, divided by the projected total square footage of residential units anticipated to be constructed during the next five years.

The requirements to levy the Alternative No. 2 Fee are generally as follows:

- 1. The District has been deemed eligible by the State to receive State Funding.
- 2. The District satisfies two of the four statutory requirements set forth in Government Code Section 65995.5(b)(3).
- 3. The District has adopted the Alternative No. 2 Fee pursuant to Government Code Section 65995.5.

Alternative No. 3 Fee (Level III Fee)

During periods when the SAB is no longer approving apportionments for new construction due to a lack of funds, the Alternative No. 3 Fee may be imposed by a school district, subject to the suspension of Alternative No. 3 Fees as set forth in Government Code Section 65995.7(a)(3). Alternative No. 3 Fees are calculated pursuant to Government Code Section 65995.7. The formula for calculating the Alternative No. 3 Fees can generally be described as being equal to twice the Alternative No. 2 Fee less the full amount of local funds dedicated by the District to provide school facilities to accommodate students generated from new growth, including any commercial and industrial fees collected.

The requirements to levy the Alternative No. 3 Fee are generally as follows:

- 1. State Funding is not available per Government Code Section 65995.7(a)(2).
- 2. The District has adopted the Alternative No. 3 Fee pursuant to Government Code Section 65995.5.

Government Code Section 65995.6 requires a school district wishing to impose Alternative Fees prepare a School Facilities Needs Analysis and outlines the

requirement for such analysis. The purpose of this SFNA it to provide the information necessary to satisfy the requirements for the imposition of Alternative Fees, pursuant to Government Code Section 65995.6, by the District.

II. ELIGIBILITY TO COLLECT ALTERNATIVE FEES

Pursuant to Government Code Section 65995.5, in order to levy Alternative Fees, the District must conduct a SFNA pursuant to Government Code Section 65995.6 and meet the following eligibility requirements.

A. Eligibility to Receive State Funds

Pursuant to Government Code Section 65995.5(b)(1) a school district must make a "timely application" to the SAB for new construction funding and be determined to have eligibility.

The District prepared and submitted SAB Forms 50-01, 50-02 and 50-03 and request an Eligibility Determination for new construction funding on January 25, 2000. On February 23, 2000, the Eligibility Determination of the District was approved by the SAB. The District has periodically summited updated SAB Forms 50-01, 50-02 and 50-03. The most recently submitted SAB Forms 50-01, 50-02 and 50-03 are incorporated herein as Exhibit A.

The District's currently eligible for new construction funding is list in Table 1. The District's most current Eligibility Determination has been incorporated herein as Exhibit B.

Table 1
State Eligibility

School Level	Eligibility
Elementary School (Grades K-6)	472
Middle School (Grades 7-8)	125
Non-Severe Special Day Class	233
Severe Special Day Class	(52)

B. Statutory Requirements

Pursuant to Government Code Section 65995.5(b)(3) a school district must satisfy at least two of the following requirements:

1. The school district has a "substantial enrollment", as defined in Government Code Section 65995.5(b)(3)(A) of its student on a multi-track year-round schedule.

The School District does not satisfy this criterion.

2. The school district has placed on the ballot in the previous four years a local general obligation bond to finance school facilities and the measure received at least 50 percent plus one of the votes cast.

The School District does not satisfy this criterion.

- 3. The school district meets one of the following:
 - a. The school district has issued debt or incurred obligations for capital outlay in an amount equivalent to 15 percent of the school district's local bonding capacity, including indebtedness that is repaid from property taxes, parcel taxes, the school district's general fund, special taxes levied pursuant to Section 4 of Article XIII A of the California Constitution, special taxes levied pursuant to Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Government Code Section 53311) of Division 2 of Title 5 that are approved by a vote of registered voters, special taxes levied pursuant to Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Government Code Section 53311) of Division 2 of Title 5 that are approved by a vote of landowners prior to November 4, 1998, and revenues received pursuant to the Community Redevelopment Law (Part 1 (commencing with Section 33000) of Division 24 of the Health and Safety Code).
 - b. The school district has issued debt or incurred obligations for capital outlay in an amount equivalent to 30 percent of the school district's local bonding capacity, including indebtedness that is repaid from property taxes, parcel taxes, the district's general fund, special taxes levied pursuant to Section 4 of Article XIII A of the California Constitution, special taxes levied pursuant to Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Government Code Section 53311) of Division 2 of Title 5 that are approved by a vote of registered voters, special taxes levied pursuant to Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Government Code Section 53311) of Division 2 of Title 5 that are approved by a vote of

landowners after November 4, 1998, and revenues received pursuant to the Community Redevelopment Law (Part 1 (commencing with Section 33000) of Division 24 of the Health and Safety Code).

In each case indebtedness or other obligation to finance school facilities to be owned, leased, or used by the school district, that is incurred by another public agency, shall be counted for the purpose of calculating whether the school district has met the debt percentage requirement contained herein.

The District satisfies this criterion. Currently the District has a total of \$201,287,672 in outstanding indebtedness. This equates to approximately 143 percent of the District's statutory bonding capacity. A detailed calculation has been included as Exhibit C.

4. The school district has at least 20 percent of the teaching stations within the school district in relocatable classrooms.

The District satisfies this criterion. Currently the District has a total of 228 permanent classrooms and 68 relocatable classrooms. This equates to a 22.95 percent relocatable classroom utilization rate.

III. PROJECTED UNHOUSED STUDENTS

Pursuant to Government Code Section 65995.6(a) the District shall project the number of unhoused student to be generated by new residential units over the next five years ("Unhoused Students"). In order to project the number of Unhoused Students this SFNA (i) identifies the number of new residential units expected to be built within the District over the next 5 years ("Future Units"), (ii) calculates the historical student generation rates for new residential units, (iii) calculates the total number of students expected to be generated by the identified development, (iv) identifies any surplus capacity that is available to house the increased enrollment, and (v) calculated the number of unhoused students, if any, projected as a result of new development.

A. Projected Residential Development

In order to estimate the number of Future Units to be constructed over the next five years California Financial Services ("CFS") relied on information compiled on behalf of the District by DecisionInsite ("DI"). DI has based these estimates on information obtained from the County of San Diego ("County") and City of San Diego ("City"), as well as conversations with developers and sales offices in the area.

Pursuant to Government Code Section 65995.6(a) residential units have been separated into the following categories:

- Single Family Detached ("SFD") Units are stand-alone structures on their own lot with a unique Assessor's parcel number.
- **2. Single Family Attached ("SFA")** Units share common walls, usually on both sides of the property, where each is assigned a unique Assessor's parcel number (e.g. townhomes, condominiums, duplexes).
- **3.** Multifamily ("MF") Units share common walls in a building or structure designed to house several families in separate housing units. All units are on the same lot with one Assessor's parcel number (e.g. apartments).

In the District's Residential Research Summary dated January 7, 2016, DI identified that the District could experience the construction of 1,796 Future Units over the next five years. Of these 1,796 Future Units, 1,165 have already mitigated their impact on the District through participation in one of the three Community Facilities Districts located throughout the District. The Table 2 summarizes the planned Future Units.

Table 2
Planned Residential Development

Unit Type	Non-Mitigated Units	Mitigated Units	Total
Single Family Detached (SFD)	228	0	228
Single Family Attached (SFA)	82	1,165	1,247
Multifamily (MF)	321	0	321
Total	631	1,165	1,796

B. Student Generation Rates

In order to calculate the Student Generation Rates in accordance with Government Code Section 65995.6(a), CFS first identified the residential units constructed within the District over the previous five years and categorize these units by the unit types listed above. In order to identify these residential units CFS has relied on information provided by the District obtained when issuing certificates of compliance and information provided by the County Assessor. Table 3 outlines the residential units constructed within the District over the previous five years.

Table 3
Residential Development
July 1, 2010 – July 1, 2015

Unit Type	Units
Single Family Detached (SFD)	3
Single Family Attached (SFA)	55
Multifamily (MF)	0
Total	58

After identifying the residential units above, a database of all of the students enrolled in the District was compared to determine the number of students residing within a residential unit constructed over the previous five years. Table 4 shows the results of this comparison.

Table 4
Rate of Students Matched
To New Residential Development

Unit Type	Units	Students Matched	Match Rate
Single Family Detached (SFD)	3	2	0.6667
Single Family Attached (SFA)	55	12	0.2182
Multifamily (MF)	0	0	NA
Total	58	14	0.8849

After reviewing the number of units constructed within the School District over the previous five years, CFS has determined there was not a sufficient number of units built to calculate a Student Generation Rate that is representative of the residential development expect to occur over the next five years. In order to more accurately evaluate the Student Generation Rates, CFS has utilized the Student Generation Rates that have been experienced and documented by the Poway Unified School District ("PUSD"), which is located in the County and has

experienced the construction of a greater amount of units over the past five years. Table 5 shows the Student Generation Rates that are used by this SFNA.

Table 5
Applied Student Generation Rates

Unit Type	Elementary School (Grades K-6)	Middle School (Grades 7-8)	
Single Family Detached (SFD)	0.4739	0.1033	
Single Family Attached (SFA)	0.3333	0.0953	
Multifamily (MF)	0.2834	0.0571	
Source: School Faclities Need Analysis for PUSD, dated August 13, 2015			

The Student Generation Rates calculated for PUSD are based on PUSD current grade level configuration. The Student Generation Rates listed in Table 5 have been adjusted to reflect the District's current grade level configuration.

C. Projected Student Enrollment

To calculate the Projected Student Enrollment, the number of Non-Mitigated Future Units listed in Table 2 were multiplied by the Student Generation Rates listed in Table 5. The resulting Projected Student Enrollment is listed in Table 6.

Table 6A
Projected Student Enrollment
Elementary School (Grades K-6)

Unit Type	Non-Mitigated Future Units	Student Generation Rate	Projected Enrollement
Single Family Detached (SFD)	228	0.4739	108
Single Family Attached (SFA)	82	0.3333	27
Multifamily (MF)	321	0.2834	91
Total	631	NA	226

Table 6B
Projected Student Enrollment
Middle School (Grades 7-8)

Unit Type	Non-Mitigated Future Units	Student Generation Rate	Projected Enrollement
Single Family Detached (SFD)	228	0.1033	24
Single Family Attached (SFA)	82	0.0953	8
Multifamily (MF)	321	0.0571	18
Total	631	NA	50

D. Excess School Facilities Capacity

In accordance with Government Code Section 65995.6(b)(2) the District must identify and consider the extent to which projected enrollment growth may be accommodated by excess capacity in existing facilities.

1. Excess Capacity

The current capacity of the District's facilities, as determined pursuant to Education Code Section 17071.25 is 6,064 students. Based on data for School Year 2015/2016 the current enrollment of the District is 5,473 students. Table 7 compares the District's current capacity and enrollment at each school level.

Table 7
Current Capacity Vs. Enrollment

School Level	2015/2016 Facilities Capacity	2015/2016 Student Enrollement	Excess/ (Shortage) Capacity
Elementary School (Grades K-6)	4,702	4,033	669
Middle School (Grades 7-8)	1,362	1,067	295
Total	6,064	5,100	964

2. Allocation of Excess Capacity

As shown in Table 7, above the current capacity of the District's facilities exceed the current student enrollment. This excess capacity will be utilized by the District to house students generated by new development expected to occur with the District during the next five years as well as development expected to occur beyond this five-year period.

According to the San Diego Association of Governments ("SANDAG"), the District can expect the construction of an additional 11,189 residential units between now and Calendar Year 2035. Comparing the SANDAG projection to the number of residential units to be constructed over the next five years, CFS has identified 9,393 additional residential units are expected to be construction beyond the five-year period. Table 8 shows the allocation of excess capacity between students to be generated in the next five years and those to be generated beyond the five-year period.

Table 8
Allocation of Excess Capacity
Among Future Residential Development

	Excess Facilties Capacity	Allocation		
School Level		Planned Units After 5 Year Period	Future Units ≤ 5 Years	
Elementary School (Grades K-6)	669	551	118	
Middle School (Grades 7-8)	295	232	63	
Total	964	783	181	

Additionally, a portion of the excess capacity allocated to the next five years also must be allocated between Non-Mitigation Future Unit and Mitigated Future Units. Table 9 shows the number of student expected to be generated by Mitigated Future Units and the allocation of excess capacity between students to be generated by Non-Mitigated Future Units and Mitigated Future Units.

Table 9
 Allocation of Excess Capacity
Among Mitigated and Non-Mitigated Future Units

	Future Units	Allocation	
School Level		Mitigated Future Units	Non-Mitigated Future Units
Elementary School (Grades K-6)	118	75	43
Middle School (Grades 7-8)	63	43	20
Total	181	118	63

E. Projected Unhouse Students

By comparing the Projected Student Enrollment over the next five years listed in Table 6 with the applicable excess capacity identified in Table 9, CFS has identified the number of Unhoused Students expected to be generated by Non-Mitigated Future Units. Table 10 outlines the calculation of Unhoused Students.

Table 10
Projected Unhoused Students
from Non-Mitigated Future Units

School Level	Projected Enrollment	Excess Capacity	Projected Unhoused Students
Elementary School (Grades K-6)	226	43	183
Middle School (Grades 7-8)	50	20	30
Total	276	63	213

IV. SURPLUS SCHOOL SITES AND LOCAL FUNDS

In addition to identifying and considering the extent to which projected enrollment growth may be accommodated by Excess Capacity in existing facilities, Government Code Section 65995.6(b)(3) requires the District to (i) "identify and consider any surplus property owned by the school district that can be used as a school site or that is available for sale to finance school facilities" ("Surplus Property") and (ii) identify and consider any other local sources of funds available to "finance the construction or reconstruction of school facilities needed to accommodate any growth in enrollment attributable to the construction of new residential units" ("Surplus Funds").

A. Surplus School Sites

As part of the preparation of this SFNA the District has determined that it does not have any Surplus Property.

B. Local Funds

1. General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds ("GO Bonds") are issued by school districts where voters have approved a bond ballot measure. There are two types of bond measures: a traditional measure which requires a 2/3 voter approval rate and a Proposition 39 measure which requires a 55% voter approval rate. When voters approve a bond measure, they are authorizing the school district to issue a specified amount of bonds, and agreeing to repay those bonds through whatever property tax levies are necessary. Outstanding bonds are limited to 1.25% of assessed values for elementary and high school districts and 2.5% of assessed values for unified school districts and community college districts. Proposition 39 bonds have limitations in the form of a legal maximum on annual projected tax levy of \$30 per \$100,000 of assessed valuation for elementary and high school districts and \$60 per \$100,000 of assessed valuation for unified school districts.

On March 4, 1997 the voters within the District approved Proposition C. Proposition C was approved by over 2/3 of the voters and was not subject to the limitations of Proposition 39. Proposition C authorized the District to

issue up to \$250,000,000 of bonds for the purpose of acquiring and improving real property for authorized school purposes; provided, that at the time any series is issued the highest tax rate required to service that series and all outstanding bonds authorized by this measure shall not exceed \$0.10 per \$100 in assessed value. To date, the School District has issued a total of \$141,512,611.30 in Proposition C bonds leaving \$108,487,388.70 in remaining authorization. At this time the tax rate required to service the outstanding bonds exceeds \$0.10 per \$100 in assessed value; therefore, the District cannot issue addition bonds at this time.

On May 15, 2012 the School District issued the General Obligation Bonds, 1997 Election Series G ("Series G") in the amount of \$28,990,883.60. \$22,468,418.32 of the Series G proceeds remain unspent. The purpose of Series G was to complete a number of projects including the modernization of Beyer Elementary School and enhancements to Willow, Sunset, San Ysidro, Smythe, and La Mirada Schools. It is expected that the cost of these projects exceed the remaining Series G proceeds; therefore, no proceeds are available from Series G to offset the impact of projected Unhoused Students.

2. Community Facilities Districts

The Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act provides an alternative method for public agencies to fund facilities with useful lives of five years or more. The Community Facilities District ("CFD") is a financing entity through which a local government is authorized to levy special taxes to pay debt service on issued bonds or to pay for the direct construction of facilities. A two-thirds vote of the qualified voters is required to form the CFD.

The District has formed three (3) CFDs. Each CFD was formed on specific residential development projects as an alternative to paying mitigation payments. Accordingly, none of the special tax or bond proceeds from these CFDs will be available to offset the cost impacts of any residential units constructed outside the boundaries of the CFDs. Similarly, the District will not be permitted to collect additional Statutory School Fees, mitigation payments or Alternative Fees from the units located within the CFDs, nor are

the units from the CFDs considered in calculating the Alternative No. 2 and Alternative No. 3 Fees.

3. Redevelopment Pass-Through Payments

California redevelopment law allows school districts to share in tax increment income via pass-through agreements with local redevelopment agencies. The passage of AB X1 26 eliminated redevelopment agencies as of February 1, 2012, and replaced them with successor agencies. Though redevelopment agencies have been eliminated, local educational agency's pass-through entitlements remain.

The District currently has pass-through agreements with the City. Funds received from the City as a result of this agreement are pledged to the repayment of outstanding Certificates of Participation. Therefore, there are no funds available at this time to offset the impacts of projected Unhoused Students.

4. Commercial/Industrial School Fees

Education Code Sections 17620 et seq. gives school districts the authority to collect Statutory School Fees from commercial/industrial development if a justification study is prepared and certain nexus findings are made. Section 65995.5(c)(2) requires the District to identify and consider Local Funds, which includes Commercial/Industrial Statutory School Fees, and to subtract such funds from the total impact created by Future Units, if such Statutory School Fees are available.

The District has collected an average of \$54,212 per year from commercial/industrial development over the last five years. Assuming that the District collects a similar amount during the next five-year period, an additional \$271,000 would be available to fund school facilities to house Unhouse Students.

5. <u>Identification of Surplus Local Funds</u>

Over the next five years, the District will need to construct school facilities to house students generated from Non-Mitigated Future Units. Using the per student costs calculated in Exhibit F, CFS has performed the required

calculations to identify if any of the local funds identified above will be available to offset a portion of the Alternative Fees. Table 11 outlines this calculation.

Table 11
Surplus Local Funds

Item		Amount									
Projected Unhoused Students from Non-Mitigate	d Future Units	213									
"True" Cost Impact Per Student		\$47,285									
Unhoused Student Cost Impact		\$10,071,751									
Available G.O. Bonds	\$0										
Community Facilities Districts	\$0										
Redevelopment Pass-Through Payments	\$0										
Projected Commercial/Industrial Fees											
Projected Alternative No. 2 Fees	\$3,662,581										
Eligible State Funding	\$3,641,821										
Total Available Local Funds		\$7,575,462									
Unfunded Student Impact		\$2,496,290									
Surplus Local Funds Available to Offset Alternation	ve Fees	\$0									

V. ALTERNATIVE NO. 2 FEE CALCULATION

The following section outlines the calculations required by Government Code Section 65995.5 (c) to justify the Alternative No. 2 Fee.

A. Alternative No. 2 Fee School Facilities Costs

To calculate the maximum Alternative No. 2 Fee, Government Code Section 65995.5(c)(1) requires the District to multiply the number of Unhoused Students by the appropriate grant amounts provided in Education Code Section 17072.10(a) and the site acquisition and site development costs determined pursuant to Government Code Section 65995.5(h).

1. New Construction Grants

Government Code Section 65995.5(c)(1) requires the District utilize the appropriate amounts provided in Education Section 17072.10 (a) to identify the cost of constructing new facilities. The new construction grant amounts specified in Education Code Section 17072.10(a) were adjusted by the SAB on February 24, 2016. Table 12 outlines the updated New Construction Grant amounts.

Table 12
SAB New Constriction Grants

School Level	Per-Pupil Construction Grant	Auto Alarm and Fire Sprinkler System Grant	General Site Development Grant	Total Per-Pupil Grant
Elementary School (Grades K-6)	\$10,634	\$190	\$894	\$11,718
Middle School (Grades 7-8)	\$11,247	\$229	\$1,268	\$12,744

2. Site Acquisition and Development Costs

Government Code Section 65995.5(c)(1) permits the calculation of Alternative No. 2 Fee to include site acquisition and site development cost determined pursuant to Government Code Section 65995.5(h). Table 13 outlines the calculation of the appropriate site acquisition and site development costs.

Table 13
Site Acquisition and Development Costs

		-							
School Level	Site Acquisition Cost	Site Development Cost	Total Site Cost						
K-8 School	\$2,323,721	\$6,575,079	\$8,898,801						
Alternative No. 2 Fee Multiplier	50%								
Alternative No. 2 Fee Site Acquisition and Side Development Cost \$4,449,40									
¹ The site acquisition and site development costs are based on the amounts listed in the District's 2015 SFNA and the State recommended site size of 15.90 acres.									

3. Alternative No. 2 Fee Facilities Cost Per Facilty

The sum of the New Construction Grants and applicable site acquisition and site development costs provide the basis for the facilities cost utilized to establish the impact of Unhoused Students. Table 14 outlines the total cost per facility.

Table 14
Total Cost Per Facility

ltem	Amount
Construction Cost	\$10,165,845.20
Elementary School (K-6) Grant Amount \$11,71	8
Elementary School (K-6) Facility Capacity 650	
Middle School (7-8) Grant Amount \$12,74	4
Middle School (7-8) Facility Capacity 200	
Site Acquisition and Site Development Cost	\$4,449,400
Alternative No. 2 Fee School Facilities Cost Per Facility	\$14,615,246

4. School Facilities Needed

The number of school facilities needed as a result of Non-Mitigated Future Units is calculated by dividing the total number of Unhoused Students at each grade level by the appropriate facility capacity. Table 15 outlines the school facilities needed to house Unhoused Students.

Table 15
School Facilities Needed

ltem	Amount
Unhoused Students (Grades K-8)	213
K-8 School Capacity	850
Facilities Needed to House Unhoused Students	0.2506

5. Total Alternative No. 2 Fee School Facilities Cost

To calculate the school facilities cost that may be included in the Alternative No. 2 Fee The Total Cost Per Facility is multiplied by the school facilities needed. The Surplus School Sites and Local Sources of Funds identified in Section IV of this SFNA are then subtracted from this amount. The resulting amount is the Alternative No 2 Fee School Facilities Cost. Table 16 outlines the calculation of the Alternative No 2 Fee School Facilities Cost.

Table 16
Total Alternative No. 2 Fee
School Facilities Cost

ltem	Amount	
Construction Cost		\$2,526,801.24
Elementary School (K-6) Grant Amount	\$11,718	
Elementary School (K-6) Unhoused Students	183	
Middle School (7-8) Grant Amount		
Middle School (7-8) Unhoused Students		
Site Acquisition and Site Development Cost	\$1,115,020	
Cost Per Facitliiey	\$4,449,400	
Facilities Needed	0.2506	
Total Alternative No. 2 School Facilities Cost	\$3,641,821	
Surplus Local Funds Available to Offset Alternative	Fees	\$0
Net Alternative No. 2 School Facilities Cost		\$3,641,821

B. Total Square Foot of Future Units

To calculate the Alternative No. 2 Fee, the Net Alternative No. 2 Fee School Facilities Cost must be divided by the total square footage of assessable space for Non-Mitigated Future Units.

In order to project the total square footage of assessable space of the Non-Mitigated Future Units, the SFNA must estimate the average square footage of each unit type to be developed within the District. In order to estimate the average square footage CFS analyzed certificates of compliance issued by the District over the last five years. This average square footage was then multiplied by the total number of Non-Mitigated Future Units expected to be built over the next five Years. Table 17 outlines the calculation of the total Square Footage of Non-Mitigated Future Units.

Table 17
Total Square Foot of Future Units

Unit Type	Non-Mitigated Future Units	Average Square Footage	Projected Unhoused Students
Single Family Detached (SFD)	228	2,650	604,200
Single Family Attached (SFA)	82	1,600	131,200
Multifamily (MF)	321	1,300	417,300
Total	631	NA	1,152,700

C. Alternative No. 2 Fee Per Square Foot

To calculate the Alternative No. 2 Fee, the Net Alternative No. 2 Fee School Facilities Cost was divided by the Total Square Footage of Future Units. Table 18 outlines the calculation of the Alternative No. 2 Fee that may be adopted by the District.

Table 18
Alternative No. 2 Fee Per Square Foot

ltem	Amount
Net Alternative No. 2 School Facilities Cost	\$3,641,820.97
Projected Non-Mitigated Residential Square Footage	1,152,700
Alternative No. 2 Fee Per Square Foot	\$3.16

VI. ALTERNATIVE NO. 3 FEE CALCULATION

The following section outlines the calculations required by Government Code Section 65995.5 (c) to justify the Alternative No. 3 Fee.

The Alternative No. 3 Fee is essentially equal to double the Alternative No. 2 Fee. For the purpose of calculating the Alternative No. 3 Fee, the amount identified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) of Government Code Section 65995.5 (i.e., local funds) are not subtracted from the Alternative No. 2 Fee School Facilities Cost. Table 19 outlines the calculation of the Alternative No. 3 Fee that may be adopted by the District.

Table 19A
Alternative No. 3 School Facilities Cost

ltem	Amount
Alternative No. 2 School Facilities Cost	\$3,641,820.97
Alternative No. 3 Fee Multiplier	200%
Alternative No. 3 School Facilities Cost	\$7,283,641.94

Table 19B
Alternative No. 3 Fee Per Square Foot

ltem	Amount
Alternative No. 3 School Facilities Cost	\$7,283,641.94
Projected Non-Mitigated Residential Square Footage	1,152,700
Alternative No. 3 Fee Per Square Foot	\$6.32

VII. SATISFACTION OF GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 66000

Government Code Section 66001 "et seq." sets forth the requirements for establishing, imposing and increasing development fees. Specifically, Government Code Section 66001 with respect to the imposition of development fees provides that any action establishing, increasing, or imposing a fee on new development shall do all of the following:

- 1. Identify the purpose of the fee.
- 2. Identify the use to which the fee is to be put.
- 3. Determine how there is a reasonable relationship between the fee's use and the type of development project on which the fee is imposed.
- 4. Determine how there is a reasonable relationship between the need for the public facility and the type of development project on which the fee is imposed.

A. New Residential Construction

The purpose of Alternative Fees is to provide necessary school facilities for students generated from Future Units over the next five years. The Alternative Fees will be used to acquire land and construct new school facilities to accommodate growth that will be generated within the Future Units. In order to estimate the actual cost for new school facilities CFS has utilized the District's past experience and information provided by construction managers who work with public school districts in the area. The District's current estimate of construction and site acquisition costs for a new K-8 school is in excess of \$40 million to serve a student population of 850. This translates into an actual cost per student for new K-8 school facility (excluding interim housing and central administration) of \$47,285. This "true" impact exceeds the Alternative Fee amounts identified herein and as provided for in SB 50. Therefore, this SFNA established that there is a reasonable relationship between the amount of the Alternative Fees and the Future Units upon which the fee is to be imposed.

This SFNA and the supporting documents establish that the Alternative Fees contained herein meet the statutory requirements and the District is justified in

imposing these fees on new residential construction within Unmitigated Developments in order to provide the necessary school facilities.

B. Reconstruction

Reconstruction means the voluntary demolition of existing residential dwelling units or commercial/industrial construction and the subsequent construction of new residential dwelling units ("Reconstruction").

The District acknowledges that Reconstruction projects, may occur within the next five-year period. In such a situation, the District shall levy school fees authorized pursuant to Education Code Section 17620 and Government Code Sections 65995 ("School Fees") if there is a nexus established between the impact of the new residential dwelling units in terms of a net increase in students generated and the fee to be imposed. In other words, the School Fees must bear a nexus to the burden caused by the Reconstruction project.

The purpose of this section is to set forth a general policy for the levy of School Fees on future Reconstruction projects within the District.

1. Existing Residential Dwelling Units

To the extent Reconstruction increases the residential square footage beyond what was demolished ("New Square Footage"), the increase in square footage is subject to the applicable Alternative Fee as such construction is considered new residential development. As for the amount of square footage constructed that replaces only the previously constructed square footage ("Replacement Square Footage"), the determination of the applicable fee, if any, is subject to a showing that the Replacement Square Footage results in an increase in student enrollment and, therefore, an additional impact being placed on the District to provide school facilities for new student enrollment.

As of the date of this SFNA, the large-scale Reconstruction of residential development within the District has not occurred to the point where statistically significant data can be utilized to determine if Replacement Square Footage increases student enrollment. Therefore, prior to the imposition of School Fees on Replacement Square Footage, the District may

undertake an analysis on any future proposed project(s) and may amend/update this SFNA. Such analysis will examine the extent to which an increase in enrollment can be expected from Replacement Square Footage due to any differential in student generation rates as identified in the SFNA for the applicable unit types between existing square footage and Replacement Square Footage. To the extent it can be demonstrated that Replacement Square Footage will increase student enrollment, the District may then impose a fee on the Replacement Square Footage. This fee amount on Replacement Square Footage shall be calculated by determining the cost impacts associated with any growth in student enrollment from the Replacement Square Footage. Any such fee that is calculated for the Replacement Square Footage shall not exceed the Alternative Fee that is in effect at such time.

2. Existing Commercial/Industrial Construction

As with Reconstruction of existing residential dwelling units, there is not significant information regarding (i) the amount of Commercial/Industrial Reconstruction planned within the District over the next five years or (ii) historical levels, which might indicate the amount to be expected in the future. Due to the lack of information, the District has decided to evaluate the impacts of Commercial/Industrial Reconstruction projects on a case-by-case basis and will make a determination of whether a fee credit is justified based on the nature of the project.

The fee credit determination will be based upon a comparison of the impacts of the planned residential project and the existing land use category (i.e. retail and services, office, research and development, industrial/warehouse/manufacturing, hospital, or hotel/motel). The actual impacts of the planned residential project (taken from Exhibit F) will be reduced by the impact of the existing commercial/industrial category (derived from calculations contained in the current Commercial/Industrial Development School Fee Justification Study adopted by the District). Any reduction to the Alternative Fee would only occur if the reduced amount falls below the Alternative Fee. In such a case, the District would levy the reduced

amount ¡ Reconstru		of	new	residentia	al	construction	for	the	subject

VIII. CONCLUSIONS & STATEMENT OF FINDINGS

Based upon the data gathered by CFS regarding future development within the boundaries of the District, student generation, school facilities costs and the methodology prescribed by the provisions of SB 50 in order to determine the school facilities impact from new residential development expected to occur during the next five years, District makes the following findings:

- 1. The current aggregate school facility capacity of the District is insufficient to meet the facility demands of Future Units.
- 2. Approximately 276 new students in grades kindergarten thru 8th will be generated within the next five years from Non-Mitigated Future Units.
- 3. Based on the statutorily prescribed methodology an Alternative No. 2 Fee of \$3.16 per square foot is authorized.
- 4. In the event that state funding is not available and District is authorized to collect Level III fees, the amount of the Alternative No. 3 Fee will be \$6.32 per square foot.

EXHIBIT A

Current SAB Forms

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San Ole		·	*******					<u> </u>			3.			
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3	630	534	554	548	501	528	542	576	7,55		entary	Seco	~~~~~~~	TOTAL
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5	558	560	533	574	537	521	521	574	Severa					
6	498	591	670	604	552	528	506	542	TOTAL					
7	591	642	608	639	666	579	482	591						
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Part D), Special I	Day Class	Pupils - (D	listricts or	County Su	perintender	nt of Schoo	ols)	enrol/men	t and the o	labict has l	dentified da Asion meps	elling unit	

Г	Elementary	Secondary	TOTAL
Non-Severe	126	81	207
Severe	16	8	24
TOTAL	142	89	1

Part E. Special Day Class Pupils - (County Superintendent of Schools Only)

	7th Prev.	6th Prev.	6th Prev.	4th Prev.	3rd Prev.	2nd Prev.	Previous	Current
	2004/2006	2005/2008	2008/2007	2007 / 2008	2008/2009	2009 / 2010	2010/2011	2011/2012
1					,			

Part F. Birth Data - (Fifth-Year Projection Only)

County Birth I							
8th Prev. 7th Prev.	6th Prev.	5th Prev.	4th Prev.	3rd Prev.	2nd Prev.	Previous	Current

- map to be contracted. An subcovision maps used for augmentation of enrollment are available at the district for review by the Office of Public School Construction (OPSC). This form is an exact duplicate (vertation) of the form provided by the Office of Public School Construction. In the event a conflict should exist, then the language in the OPSC form will prevail.

Dena Whittington	
SCHATURE OF DISTRICT REPRE	SENTATIVE SENTATIVE
N-31-11	(619) 428-4476 ext 3004

STATE OF CALIFORNIA EXISTING SCHOOL BUILDING CAPACITY SAB 60-02 (Rev. 07/01) Farm (Rev. 05/03/2072) FORCOL OFFICE:	State allocation egarg office of public school construction
SAN YSIDRO ELEMENTARY COUNTY SAN DIEGO	Programment code murber (ine chemita place sold codes) 98379 High bothool attendance arca (hear) on buper hera (firesprang)
	

PART I - Classroom Inventory NEW ADJUSTED	K-6	7-8	9-12	Non- Severe	Savore	Yotal
Line 1. Leased State Relocatable Classrooms			-			
Line 2. Portable Classrooms leased less than 5 years		-	<u> </u>			
Line 3. Interim Housing Portables leased less than 5 years	2					2
Line 4. Interim Housing Portables leased at least 5 years						
Line 5. Portable Classrooms leased at least 5 years						-
Line 6. Portable Classrooms owned by district	33	1		1	12	47
Line 7. Permanent Classrooms	94	30				124
Line 8, Total (Lines 1 through 7)	129	31		1	12	173

PART II - Available Classrooms

Option A.	K-8	7-8	9-12	Non- Saveto	Severe	Total
a. Part I, line 4						
b. Part I, line 6					-	
c, Part I, line 6	33	1		1	12	47
d. Part I, line 7	94	30				124
e. Total (a, b, c, & d)	127	31	·	1	12	171

Option B.	K-8	7-8	9-12	Non- Severe	Severo .	Total
a. Part I, line 8 b. Part I, lines 1,2,5 and 6 (total only)	129	31		1	12	- 173
		-				47.
c. 25 percent of Part I, line 7 (total only)						. 31
d. Subtract c from b (enter 0 if negative)	12				4	16
e. Total (a minus d)	117	31		. 1	8	157

PART III - Determination of Existing School Building Capacity

. •	K-s	7.8	9-12	Non- Sovere	Severe
Line 1, Classroom capacity	2,925	837		13	72
Line 2. SER adjustment	137	39	1.	1	3
Line 3. Operational Grants	(
Line 4. Greater of line 2 or 3	137	39		7	. 3
Line 5. Total of lines 1 and 4	3,062	876		14	75

I certify, as the District Representative, that the information reported on this form is true and correct and that: I am designated as an authorized district representative by the governing board of the district; and, This form is an exact duplicate (verbatim) of the form provided by the Office of Public School Construction (OPSC). In the event a conflict should exist, then the language in the OPSC form will prevail.

SIGNATURE OF DISTRICT REPOSEDENTATIVE

July 8, 2002

7/08/02	12:56P	P.009
1100102	12. 6 4449	

GTATE OF CALIFORNIA		**			ATION BOARD
ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION SAB 5D-03 (Rev. 07/01) Excel (Rev. 08/03/2007)				PUBLIC SCHOOL CO	Page 4 of 4
SAN YSIDRO ELEMENTARY	68379	COT CODE NUMBER (180			
ausiness Addates 4350 Otay Mesa Road	.	ITCHDANCE AREA (PISAA)	OR SUPER HEAR	Al abbsces la	
Sán Diego, CA 92173-1685	SAN DIEGO)			
Part I - The following individual(s) have been designated as distric	t representa	ative(s) by schoo	board min	utes:	
DISTRICT REPRESENTATIVE TELEPHONE NUMBER		E-MAIL ADDRESS linn@sysd.k12.ca			
John Lind Business Monsgor DISTRICT REPRESENTATIVE TELEPHONE RUMARR		E-MAIL ADDRESS			
Part II - New Construction Eligibility □ NEW □ ADJUSTED	K-6	7-9	9-12	Non-Severe	Severe
1. Projected Enrollment (Part G, Form SAB 50-01)			***************************************		
Control of the second of the s	5,319	1,569	-	24	138
2. Existing School Building Copacity (Part III, Ilne 5 of Form SAB 50-02)	3,062	876		14	75
3. New Construction Baseline Eligibility (line 1 minus line 2)	2,257	693		10	63
Part III - Modernization Eligibility ONEW O ADJUSTED 1, SCHOOL NAME:					
Option A	K-8	7-8	9-12	Non-Severe	Savoro
2. Pérmènent olassrooma et least 25 years old					
3. Portable classrooms at least 20 years old					
4. Total (lines 2 and 3)					
5. Multiply line 4 by: 25 for K-6, 27 for 7-8 and 9-12; . 13 for non-severe and 9 for severe					
6, CBEDS enrollment at school					3
7. Modernization eligibility (lesser of the totals of line 5 or 6)			<u> </u>		
Option 8					
2. Permanent space at least 25 years old (report by classroom or square foo	lage)				
3. Portable space at least 20 years old (report by classroom or square footage	je)				
4, Total (fines 2 and 3)					
5. Remaining permanent and portable space (report by classmom or square	footege)			•	-
6. Total (fines 4 and 6)	1				
7. Percentage (divide line 4 by line 6)	.,.,	. 0%		- (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
-	K-6	7-8	9.12	Non-Severe	Severe
8. CBEDS enrollment at school site			ļ	<u> </u>	
Modernization eligibility (multiply line 7 by each grade group on line 8)	<u>'</u>		<u> </u>		
					21.10

I certify, as the Distitot Representativo, that the information reported on this form is true and correct and that; I am designated as an authorized district representative by the governing board of the district; and; A resolution of other appropriate documentation supporting this application under Chapter 12.5, Part 10, Division 1, commoncing with Section 17070.10, at seq., of the Education Code was adopted by the School District's Governing Board

on ; and,
This form is an exact duplicate (varioum) of the form provided by the Ollice of Public School Construction (OPSC), in the event a conflict should exist, then the language in the OPSC form will prevail.

SIGNATUREOF OF STRICT REPRESENTATIVE

July 8,2002

. :

1. 1.

EXHIBIT B

SAB Eligibility Determination



California Department of General Services

PROJECT TRACKING

PTN GENERATOR

REPORTS

PTN HELP



District Main Page

Return to Search Results

District: San Ysidro Elementary

District Rep: mr. Jose Arturo Sanchez Macias

Modernization Eligibility

New Construction Eligibility

Fund Release

	District Code	Attendance Area	Original SAB Approval Date	Recent SAB Approval			
¥	68379	0	2/23/2000	4/25/2012			
	SAB 50-03 New Construction Eligibility Information						
	New Construction Baseline Eligibility						

Grade Level:	K - 6	7 - 8	9 - 12	Non-Severe	Severe
Established Eligibility:	1712	636	0	0	0
SAB Approvals/Adjustments:	-1240	-511	0	233	-52
Remaining Eligibility:	472	125	0	233	-52

SAB 50-03 Eligibility Document Status/Dates

Status:	PM Complete
Date Signed:	1/25/2000
Date Received:	6/24/1999
SAB Approval Date:	2/23/2000

EXHIBIT C

Bonding Capacity Calculation

Bonding Capacity Calculation Fiscal Year 2015/2016

Description	Value
Assessed Valuation of the Taxable Property Excluding Unitary and Operating Nonunitiary Property	\$4,705,994,791
Applicable Percent Bond Debt Limit ¹	3.00%
Bonding Capacity	\$141,179,844

Outstanding Bond Indebtedness	\$201,287,672
Outstanding Bond Indebtedness as a Percentage of Capacity	142.58%

¹ The District's bonding capacity has been increased to 3.00% based on a bonding capacity waiver approved by the State Board of Education, dated March 26, 2012.

EXHIBIT D

Updated School Facilities Capacity Calculation

San Ysidro School District School Facilties Capacity Analysis

State Application	ltem	Elementary School (Grades K-6)	Middle School (Grades 7-8)
NA	Baseline Capacity (SAB Form 50-02)	3,062	876
NA	Non-Severe/Severe Capacity	94	27
50/68379-00-001	Smythe Elementary School	188	0
50/68379-00-002	Sunset Elementary School	750	0
50/68379-00-003	Ocean View Hills Middle School	608	459
Total		4,702	1,362

EXHIBIT E

Excess Capacity Allocation

San Ysidro School District Excess Capacity Allocation Analysis

Table 1: Current Surplus Capacity Calculation

ltem	Amount
2015/2016 Student Enrollment	5,100
Elementary School (Grades K-6)	4,033
Middle School (Grades 7-8)	1,067
2015/2016 Facilities Capacity	6,064
Elementary School (Grades K-6)	4,702
Middle School (Grades 7-8)	1,362
2015/2016 Excess Capacity	964
Elementary School (Grades K-6)	669
Middle School (Grades 7-8)	295
¹ Provided by the San Ysidro School District	

Table 2: Allocation of Planned Residential Units Based on Timeline

Unit Type	Future Unit (<u><</u> 5 Years)	Total Units ¹ (SANDAG 2035)
Single Family Detached (SFD)	228	1,376
Single Family Attached (SFA)	1,247	1,247
Multifamily (MF)	321	8,566
Total	1,796	11,189

¹ Souce: SANDAG Series 2013 Regional Growth Forecast; SANDAG did not compile information for Single Family Attached Units. Based on the definitions used by SANDAG, a Single Family Attached Unit would likely be included in the Multifamily category.

San Ysidro School District Excess Capacity Allocation Analysis

Table 3: Allocation of Student Generation Based on Timeline

ltem	Student Generated Future Units	Student Generated Total Units
Elementary School (Grade K-6)	615	3,496
Single Family Detached (SFD)	108	652
Single Family Attached (SFA)	416	416
Multifamily (MF)	91	2,428
Middle School (Grades 7-8)	161	750
Single Family Detached (SFD)	24	142
Single Family Attached (SFA)	119	119
Multifamily (MF)	18	489
Percent of Students Generated		
Elementary School (Grade K-6)	17.59%	100.00%
Middle School (Grades 7-8)	21.47%	100.00%

Table 4: Allocation of Excess Capacity to Students Generated from Future Units

School Level	Excess Capacity
Elementary School (Grade K-6)	118
Middle School (Grades 7-8)	63
Total	181

San Ysidro School District Excess Capacity Allocation Analysis

Table 5: Allocation of Future Units Based on Mitigatoin Status

Units Type	Non-Mitigated Future Units	Total Future Units
Single Family Detached (SFD)	228	228
Single Family Attached (SFA)	82	1,247
Multifamily (MF)	321	321
Total	631	1,796

Table 6: Allocation of Student Generation Based on Mitigation Status

Item	Student Generated Non-Mitigated Units	Student Generated Total Units
Elementary School (Grade K-6)	226	615
Single Family Detached (SFD)	108	108
Single Family Attached (SFA)	27	416
Multifamily (MF)	91	91
Middle School (Grades 7-8)	50	161
Single Family Detached (SFD)	24	24
Single Family Attached (SFA)	8	119
Multifamily (MF)	18	18
Percent of Students Generated		
Elementary School (Grade K-6)	36.75%	100.00%
Middle School (Grades 7-8)	31.06%	100.00%

Table 7: Allocation of Excess Capacity to Students Generated from Non-Mitigated Future Units

School Level	Excess Capacity
Elementary School (Grade K-6)	43
Middle School (Grades 7-8)	20
Total	63

EXHIBIT F

Estimate of Actual School Facilities Cost

San Ysidro School District Estimated "True" Cost K-8 School Facility

A. Site				\$2,568,326
	Site Purchase Price		\$2,528,326	
	Acres	17.30		
	Cost Per Acre	\$146,146		
	EIR	, -, -	\$20,000	
	Appraisals		\$10,000	
	Surveys		\$5,000	
	Escrow/Title		\$5,000	
B. Plans				\$2,047,938
D. Flails	Architect's Fee	\$1,781,250		\$2,047,336
	Preliminary Testing	\$20,000		
	DSA/SDE Plan Check	\$226,688		
	Energy Fee Analysis	\$15,000		
	Other	\$5,000		
		72,000		
C. Construc	ction			\$31,875,000
	Square Feet Per Student	100		
	Cost Per Square Foot ¹	\$375		
5 - .:				450.000
D. Testing				\$50,000
E. Inspection	on			\$144,000
	Cost Per Month	\$12,000		
	Months	12		
F. Furnitur	e and Equipment			\$705,500
	Cost Per Square Foot	\$8		<i>ϕ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</i>
				_
G. Conting	-			\$747,815
	Percent of Project	2.00%		
H. Items N	ot Funded By State			\$2,053,855
	Technology (5% of Constriction)	\$1,593,750		
	Library Books (8 books/student @ \$15)	\$102,000		
	Landscaping (\$0.44 per Sq. Ft.)	\$331,579		
	Landscaping Architect Fees (8% of Landscaping)	\$26,526		
I. Total Esti	imated Cost			\$40,192,434
	School Facility Capacity			850
	School Facility Cost Per Student			\$47,285
	Jenoor Facility Cost Fer Stauent			7 7 7,203

¹ The construction cost used in the District's 2015 SFNA has been increase by the change in the SAB construction cost index approved in February of 2016.

EXHIBIT G

45 Day Notice to Planning Agencies



CALIFORNIA FINANCIAL SERVICES

April 26, 2016

email: tomlinsont@sandiego.gov

Tom Tomlinson
Assistant Director
City of San Diego Planning Department
1010 Second Ave., MS 413
San Diego, CA 92101

RE: San Ysidro School District School Facilities Needs Analysis 45-Day Notice and Development Estimates

In accordance with Government Code Section 65995.5 and on behalf of the San Ysidro School District ("School District"), California Financial Services ("CFS") is in the process of preparing an updated School Facilities Needs Analysis ("SFNA") that sets forth Alternative Fees (Level II) applicable to new residential development. Effective January 1, 2002, Government Code Section 65352.2 requires that school districts provide local planning agencies with 45-day notice in advance of the completion of a needs analysis or other study which relates to the potential expansion of existing school sites or the necessity for additional school sites. The School District is anticipating holding a public hearing and adopting the new fee at its board meeting scheduled for June 9, 2016.

The purpose of the SFNA is to quantify and provide justification for additional school facilities within the School District as a result of development anticipated to occur during the next five years. For the SFNA the School District will consider the effects of developments that have not yet mitigated for school impacts. The following table indicates the School District's estimate of dwelling units that may be developed by 2020 within the City of San Diego.

Table I
Projected Dwelling Units from New Residential
Projects to be Developed By 2020

Unit Type	Units
Single Family Detached	580
Single Family Attached	858
Multifamily	358
Total Units	1,796

As part of the SFNA, Government Code Section 65995.5(c)(3) requires that an estimate of total square footage for new development be determined "based on information available from the city or county within which the residential units are anticipated to be constructed". Table II sets forth the School District's estimate of average and total square footage for single-family detached ("SFD"), single-family attached ("SFA"), and multifamily ("MF") dwelling units.

The average dwelling unit sizes shown in Table II reflect the School District's estimate of average assessable space of dwelling units expected to be constructed within the next five years. These estimates are based, in part, on (i) the average size of similar dwelling units for which a certificate of compliance was issued by the School District during the previous five years, (ii) a review of planning documents posted on the agency's website and for which the potential for development is likely during the next five years, and (iii) additional information obtained by CFS from the planning department.

Table II

Average Square Footage and Total Projected Square Footage
of Dwelling Units from New Residential

Projects to be Developed By 2020

Unit Type	Units	Average Sq. Ft.	Total Sq. Ft.
Single Family Detached	580	2,650	1,537,000
Single Family Attached	858	1,430	1,226,940
Multifamily	358	1,300	465,400
Total Units	1,796	NA	3,229,340

The District respectfully requests that the planning department review and confirm the reasonableness of the projected dwelling units, dwelling unit allocations and average square footage estimates shown in Tables I and II. The SFNA is a required precursor to the adoption of

school fees provided for in Section 65995 et seq. of the Government Code which the District must collect in order to ensure that school housing keeps pace with anticipated growth.

Sincerely,

Steven Gald

Copy: Arturo Macias Sanchez, San Ysidro School District



CALIFORNIA FINANCIAL SERVICES

April 26, 2016

email: joseph.farace@sdcounty.ca.gov

Joseph Farace
Group Program Manager
Advance Planning
County of San Diego
5510 Overland Ave., Ste. 110
San Diego, CA 92123

RE: San Ysidro School District School Facilities Needs Analysis 45-Day Notice and Development Estimates

In accordance with Government Code Section 65995.5 and on behalf of the San Ysidro School District ("School District"), California Financial Services ("CFS") is in the process of preparing an updated School Facilities Needs Analysis ("SFNA") that sets forth Alternative Fees (Level II) applicable to new residential development. Effective January 1, 2002, Government Code Section 65352.2 requires that school districts provide local planning agencies with 45-day notice in advance of the completion of a needs analysis or other study which relates to the potential expansion of existing school sites or the necessity for additional school sites. The School District is anticipating holding a public hearing and adopting the new fee at its board meeting scheduled for June 9, 2016.

The purpose of the SFNA is to quantify and provide justification for additional school facilities within the School District as a result of development anticipated to occur during the next five years. For the SFNA the School District will consider the effects of developments that have not yet mitigated for school impacts. The following table indicates the School District's estimate of dwelling units that may be developed by 2020 within the County of San Diego.

Table I
Projected Dwelling Units from New Residential
Projects to be Developed By 2020

Unit Type	Units
Single Family Detached	0
Single Family Attached	0
Multifamily	. 0
Total Units	0

As part of the SFNA, Government Code Section 65995.5(c)(3) requires that an estimate of total square footage for new development be determined "based on information available from the city or county within which the residential units are anticipated to be constructed". Table II sets forth the School District's estimate of average and total square footage for single-family detached ("SFD"), single-family attached ("SFA"), and multifamily ("MF") dwelling units.

The average dwelling unit sizes shown in Table II reflect the School District's estimate of average assessable space of dwelling units expected to be constructed within the next five years. These estimates are based, in part, on (i) the average size of similar dwelling units for which a certificate of compliance was issued by the School District during the previous five years, (ii) a review of planning documents posted on the agency's website and for which the potential for development is likely during the next five years, and (iii) additional information obtained by CFS from the planning department.

Table II

Average Square Footage and Total Projected Square Footage of Dwelling Units from New Residential
Projects to be Developed By 2020

Unit Type	Units	Average Sq. Ft.	Total Sq. Ft.
Single Family Detached	0	NA	0
Single Family Attached	0	NA	0
Multifamily	0	NA NA	0
Total Units	0	NA	10

The School District respectfully requests that the planning department review and confirm the reasonableness of the projected dwelling units, dwelling unit allocations and average square footage estimates shown in Tables I and II. The SFNA is a required precursor to the adoption of

school fees provided for in Section 65995 et seq. of the Government Code which the District must collect in order to ensure that school housing keeps pace with anticipated growth.

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